RALAL BHAKAT COLLEGINATI, BIRBHUM



भारतारः प्रश्नो धर्म संस्थानः १९८६

DEPARTMENT OF PHILOSOPHY

SYLLABUS DISTRIBUTIONS ON ODD SEMESTER

SESSION: 2022-2023

SEM-1 PHIG (2022-2023)

Semester-1

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L - T - P	Credit	Marks
CC-1A	Indian Philosophy	Core Course	5-1-0	6	75

Recommended Topics:

- 1. Introduction: General Features of Indian Philosophy
- 2. Cārvāka: (a) pratyakṣa (perception) as the only Source of Knowledge (b) Refutation of anumāna (inference) and śabda (testimony) as Sources of Knowledge and (c) jaḍavāda and dehātmavāda
- 3. Jainism: (a) anekāntavāda and (b) syādvāda and nayavāda
- 4. Buddhism: (b) Four Noble Truths (b) pratītyasamutpā da (c) kṣaṇabhaṅga vāda and (d) nairātmya vāda
- 5. Nyāya Vaiśe şika: (a) pramāṇa: pratyakṣa (perception), anumāna (inference), upamāna (comparison) and śabda (testimony) and (b)saptapadārtha (Seven Categories)
- 6. Sāmkhya: (a) satkāryavāda (Theory of Causality) and (b) pariṇāma vāda (Theory of Evolution)
- 7. Yoga: (a)cittavṛttinirodha and (b) aṣṭāṅgayoga
- 8. Mīmāmsā:(a)arthā patti and(b)anupa labdhi
- 8. Advaita Vedānta: Brahman, jīva and jagat





Recommended Topics: 1. Introduction: General Features of Indian Philosophy

- 2. Cārvāka: (a)pratyakṣa (perception) as the only Source of Knowledge
- (b)Refutation of anumāna (inference) and śabda (testimony) as Sources of Knowledge and (c) jaḍavāda and dehātmavāda
- 3. Jainism: (a) anekāntavāda and (b)syādvāda and nayavāda
- 4. Buddhism: (b)Four Noble Truths (b)pratītyasamutpāda (c)kṣaṇabhaṅgavādaand (d) nairātmyavāda
- 5. Nyāya—Vaiśeṣika: (a) pramāṇa: pratyakṣa (perception), anumāna (inference), upamāna (comparison) andśabda (testimony) and (b) saptapadārtha (Seven Categories)
- 6. Sāmkhya: (a) satkāryavāda (Theory of Causality) and (b) pariņāmavāda (Theory of Evolution)
- 7. Yoga: (a) cittavṛttinirodha and (b) aṣṭāṅgayoga
- 8. Mīmāmsā:(a) arthāpattiand (b) anupalabdhi
- 8. Advaita Vedānta: Brahman, jīva and jagat

MODULE-I

SL INDIAN PHILOSOPHY TEACH NAME

NO		First Half	Seco nd Half
1	1. Introduction: General Features of Indian Philosophy.	MB	SD
2	2. Cārvāka:(a) pratyakṣa (perception) as the only Source of Knowledge (b) Refutationofanumāna (inference) and śabda (testimony) as Sources of Knowledge and (c) jaḍavāda and dehātmavāda. 3. Jainism: (a) anekāntavāda and (b) syādvāda and nayavāda 4.Buddhism:(b) Four Noble Truths (b) pratītyasamutpāda (c) kṣaṇabhaṅgavāda and (d) nairātmyavāda.	МВ	SI
4	6. Sāmkhya: (a) satkāryavāda (Theory of Causality) and (b) pariṇāmavāda (Theory of Evolution)	SD	ND M
5	8. Mīmāmsā:(a) arthāpatti	SM	ND M

MODULE-II

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NO	INDIAN PHILOSOPHY	First Half	Seco nd Half
2	4.Buddhism:(b) Four Noble Truths (b) pratītyasamutpāda (c) kṣaṇabhaṅgavāda and (d) nairātmyavāda.	МВ	TH
3	5. Nyāya-Vaiśeṣika: (a) pramāṇa: pratyakṣa (perception), anumāna (inference), upamāna (comparison) and śabda (testimony) and (b) saptapadārtha (Seven Categories).	ТН	SI
4	7. Yoga: (a) cittavṛttinirodha and (b) aṣṭāṅgayoga.	MB	SM
5	8. Mīmāmsā:(b) anupalabdhi.	SD	TH
6	9. Advaita Vedānta: Brahman, jīva and jagat.	ND M	ТН

MODULE-III

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NO	INDIAN PHILOSOPHY	First	Seco nd
		Half	Half
	5. Nyāya-Vaiśeṣika: (a) pramāṇa: pratyakṣa (perception), anumāna		
3	(inference), upamāna (comparison) and śabda (testimony) and (b)	MB	SM
	saptapadārtha (Seven Categories).		
	6. Sāmkhya: (a) satkāryavāda (Theory of Causality) and (b) pariņāmavāda		
4	(Theory of Evolution)	TH	SI
	7. Yoga: (a) cittavṛttinirodha and (b) aṣṭāṅgayoga.		
5	8. Mīmāmsā: (b) anupalabdhi.	MB	SM
6	9. Advaita Vedānta: Brahman, jīva and jagat.	MB	SI

SEM-3 PHIG

Semester-3

CC-1C	Logic	Core Course	5-1-0	6	75
Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	I . T. P	Credit	Marks

Recommended Topics:

- Basic Concept of Logic: (a) Nature and Scope of Logic, (b) Sentence, Proposition and Statement and (c) Inference and Argument
- 2. Types of Argument: Deductive Argument and Inductive Argument
- 3. Opposition of Propositions
- 4. Immediate Inference: Conversion, Obversion and Contraposition
- 5. Categorical Syllogisms: Rules and Fallacies, Venn Diagram
- 6. Truth-functional Arguments
- 7. Science and Hypothesis

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L - T - P	Credit	Marks
SEC- 1	Philosophy in Practice	Skill Enhancement Course	2-0-0	2	50

Recommended Topics:

- 1. Common and Differentiating Characteristics of Philosophy and darśana
- 2. Nature of Inquiry in Philosophy and darsana
- 3. Outlines of the Types of Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana: (a) Epistemic Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana and (b) Metaphysical Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana
- **4. AfewModelWorld-viewsandCorrespondingPathsLeadingtoPerfection:** (a)Plato's view, (b) Kant's view, (c) Sāmkhya view and (d) Advaita Vedānta View
- 5. Methods of Philosophi cal DisCourse (kathā): (a) vāda, (b) jalpa, (c) vitaņḍā, (d) chhala, (e) jā tiand (f) nigrahasthāna

Course Code /Course Title CC- 1C /GE-3/ Logic

Recommended Topics: 1. Basic Concept of Logic: (a) Nature and Scope of Logic, (b) Sentence, Proposition and Statement and (c) Inference and Argument

- 2. Types of Argument: Deductive Argument and Inductive Argument
- 3. Opposition of Propositions
- 4. Immediate Inference: Conversion, Obversion and Contraposition
- 5. Categorical Syllogisms: Rules and Fallacies, Venn Diagram
- 6. Truth-functional Arguments
- 7. Science and Hypothesis

MODULE-I

SL NO	Logic	TEACHER NAME	
1,0		First	Seco
		Half	nd Half
1	1. Basic Concept of Logic: (a) Nature and Scope of Logic, (b) Sentence, Proposition and Statement and (c) Inference and Argument	MB	TH
2	5. Categorical Syllogism : Rules and Fallacies, Venn Diagram.	NDM	SD
4	7. Science and Hypothesis	NDM	SM

MODULE-II

SL NO	Logic	TEAC NA	
		First	Seco
- /		Half	nd
		TL	Half
1	2. Types of Argument: Deductive Argument and Inductive Argument	MB	TH
Ш	3. Opposition of Propositions	G	
2	5. Categorical Syllogism : Venn Diagram.	NDM	SD
3	6. Truth-functional Arguments	SI	SM
4	7. Science and Hypothesis	SI	TH

MODULE-III

SL NO	Logic		CHER ME
	× 1/4/11 m10/01/	First	Seco
		Half	nd
			Half
1		SI	SM
	4. Immediate Inference: Conversion, Obversion and Contraposition.		
3	6. Truth-functional Arguments	MB	SD
4	7. Science and Hypothesis	SI	TH

(PHIH+PHIG) Course Code /Course Title SEC-1/Philosophy in Practice

Recommended Topics: 1. Common and Differentiating Characteristics of Philosophy and darśana

- 2. Nature of Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana
- 3. Outlines of the Types of Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana: (a) Epistemic Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana and (b) Metaphysical Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana
- 4. AfewModelWorld-views and Corresponding Paths Leading to Perfection: (a)Plato'sview, (b) Kant's view, (c) Sāmkhya view and (d) Advaita Vedānta View
- 5. Methods of Philosophical Discourse (kathā): (a) vāda, (b) jalpa, (c)vitanda,(d)chhala,(e)jātiand (f) nigrahasthāna

MODULE-I

SL	PHILOSOPHY IN PRACTICE	TEAC
N	A-2 /8 /	HER
O	/// ONT/40 \\\	NAME
1	1. Common and Differentiating Characteristics of Philosophy and darśana	T.H
2	2. Nature of Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana	N.D.M
4	4. A few Model World views and corresponding paths leading to	T.H
	Perfection:(a)Plato's view,(b)Kant's view, (c) Sāmkhya view	
	* MODULE II	
١	MODULE-II	/I

SL	PHILOSOPHY IN PRACTICE	TEAC
N		HER
O		NAME
3	3.Outlines of the types of Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana:(a)Epistemic	N.D.M
	Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana, (b) Metaphysical Inquiry in Philosophy and	
	darśana,	
4	4. A few Model World views and corresponding paths leading to Perfection: (d)	T.H
	Advaita Vedānta View	
5	5. Methods of Philosophical Discourse(kathā):(a)vāda,(b)jalpa	N.D.M

MODULE-III

SL	PHILOSOPHY IN PRACTICE	TEAC
N		HER
О		NAME

3	3.Outlines of the types of Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana:(a)Epistemic Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana, (b) Metaphysical Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana,	N.D.M
5	5. Methods of Philosophical Discourse(kathā):(a)vāda, (b)jalpa, (c)vitaṇḍā, (d)chhala, (e)jāti and (f)Nigrahasthāna	T.H

SEM-5 PHIG

Semester-5

Course Code Course Title Course Type L - T - P	L - T - P	Course Type	Course Title	Course Code

Recommended Topics:

- 1. **Nature and Scope of Philosophy of Religion:** (a) Religion, Dharma, Dhamma, (b) Philosophy of Religion, Comparative Religion and Theology
- 2. Anthropological and Freudien Theories concerning the Origin and Development of Religion
- 3. Fundamental Features of Major Religions: Hinduism, Christianity, Islam: Basic Tenets, Bondage and Liberation
- 4. **Arguments for the Existence of God:** (Indian and Western): Yoga Arguments, Cosmological Arguments, Teleological Arguments, Ontological Arguments
 - 5. Arguments against the Existence of God: Sociological Arguments, Freudian Arguments
 - 6. Monotheism, Polytheism, Henotheism

Recommended Texts:

- ☐ J. Hick: Philosophy of Religion
- P. B. Chatterjee : Studies in Comparative Religion
- Edward: Philosophy of Religion

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L - T - P	Credit	Marks
GE- 1	Indian Philosophy	Interdisciplinary (Generic Elective)	5-1-0	6	75

Recommended Topics:

- 1. Introduction: General Features of Indian Philosophy
- Cārvāka: (a)pratyakṣa (perception) as the only Source of Knowledge (b)Refutation of anumāna (inference) andśabda (testimony) as Sources of Knowledge and (c) jaḍa vāda and de hātma vāda
- 3. Jainism: (a)anekāntavāda and (b) syādvāda andnayavāda
- 4. Buddhism: (a) Four Noble Truths (b) pratītyasamutpāda (b) kṣaṇabhaṅga vāda and (c) nairātmya vāda
- Nyāya—Vaiśeṣika: pramāṇa: pratyakṣa (perception), anumāna (inference), upamāna (comparison) and śabda (testimony)

6. **Sāṁkhya:** Satkāryavāda (Theory of Causality)

7. Yoga: (a) cittavrttinirodha and(b)aṣṭāṅgayoga

8. **Mīmāṁsā:** (a) arthāpatti and (b) anupalabdhi

9. Advaita Vedānta: Brahman, jīva and jagat

SEC- 3	Philosophical Analysis	Skill Enhancement Course	2-0-0	2	50
Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L - T - P	Credit	Marks
		J			

Recommended Topics:

1. **Meaning:** (a) Word-meaning and Sentence-meaning, (b) Testability and Meaning

2. Concept and Truth

3. Knowledge: Nature and Source of Knowledge

Recommended Texts:

• Hospers: An Introduction to Philosophical Analysis

Course Code / Course Title DSE-1A/2A/ Philosophy of Religion

Recommended Topics: 1. Nature and Scope of Philosophy of Religion: (a) Religion, Dharma, Dhamma, (b) Philosophy of Religion, Comparative Religion and Theology

- 2. Anthropological and Freudien Theories concerning the Origin and Development of Religion
- 3. Fundamental Features of Major Religions: Hinduism, Christianity, Islam: Basic Tenets, Bondage and Liberation
- 4. Arguments for the Existence of God: (Indian and Western): Yoga Arguments, Cosmological Arguments, Teleological Arguments, Ontological Arguments
- 5. Arguments against the Existence of God: Sociological Arguments, Freudian Arguments
- 6. Monotheism, Polytheism, Henotheism

MODULE-I

SL	Philosophy of Religion	TEAC	CHER
NO	i mosophy of itemseen	NAM	E
		First	Second
		Half	Half
1	1. Nature and Scope of Philosophy of Religion: (a) Religion, Dharma,	SI	SI
	Dhamma		
2	2. Anthropological and Freudien Theories concerning the Origin and	SD	NDM
	Development of Religion		
	N 82		
3	3. Fundamental Features of Major Religions: Hinduism: Basic Tenets,	MB	MB
	Bondage and Liberation.		
4	4. Arguments for the Existence of God: (Indian and Western): Yoga		TH
	Arguments, Cosmological Arguments	N.	
5	5. Arguments against the Existence of God: Sociological Arguments,	11	AD
	Freudian Arguments	1.77	L
6	6. Monotheism, Polytheism	SD	
			31.3

MODULE-II

SL	Philosophy of Religion	TEAC	
NO		NAMI First Half	Second Half
1	1. Nature and Scope of Philosophy of Religion: (b) Philosophy of Religion, Comparative Religion and Theology	NDM	SD
2	2. Anthropological and Freudien Theories concerning the Origin and Development of Religion	SI	SI
3	3. Fundamental Features of Major Religions: Christianity, Islam: Basic Tenets, Bondage and Liberation.	MB	MB
4	4. Arguments for the Existence of God: (Indian and Western): Yoga Arguments, Cosmological Arguments	TH	SM
5	5. Arguments against the Existence of God: Sociological Arguments	AD	SI
6	6. Monotheism, Polytheism, Henotheism		MB

MODULE-III

SL NO	Philosophy of Religion		TEACHER NAME	
		First	Second	

		Half	Half
2	2. Anthropological and Freudien Theories concerning the Origin and Development of Religion	MB	SI
3	3. Fundamental Features of Major Religions: Christianity, Islam: Basic Tenets, Bondage and Liberation.		TH
4	4. Arguments for the Existence of God: (Indian and Western): Yoga Arguments, Cosmological Arguments, Teleological Arguments, Ontological Arguments	SM	
5	5. Arguments against the Existence of God: Sociological Arguments, Freudian Arguments	AD	
6	6. Monotheism, Polytheism, Henotheism	11	SI

Course Code / Course Title GE-1 / Indian Philosophy

Recommended Topics: 1. Introduction: General Features of Indian Philosophy

- 2. Cārvāka: (a)pratyakṣa (perception) as the only Source of Knowledge (b) Refutation of anumāna (inference) and śabda (testimony) as Sources of Knowledge and (c)jaḍavāda and dehātmavāda
- 3. Jainism: (a) anekāntavāda and (b) syādvāda andnayavāda
- 4. Buddhism: (a) Four Noble Truths (b) pratītyasamutpāda (b) kṣaṇabhaṅgavāda and (c) nairātmyavāda
- 5. Nyāya-Vaiśeṣika: pramāṇa: pratyakṣa (perception), anumāna (inference), upamāna (comparison) and śabda (testimony)
- 6. Sāmkhya: Satkāryavāda (Theory of Causality)
- 7. Yoga: (a) cittavrttinirodha and(b) astāngayoga
- 8. Mīmāmsā: (a)arthāpatti and (b)anupalabdhi
- 9. Advaita Vedānta: Brahman, jīva and jagat

MODULE-I

SL	INDIAN PHILOSOPHY	TEAC
N		HER
O		NAME

1	1.Introduction: General Features of Indian Philosophy.	TH
	2. Cārvāka:(a) pratyakṣa (perception) as the only Source of Knowledge (b) Refutation of anumāna (inference) and śabda (testimony) as Sources of Knowledge and (c) jaḍavāda and dehātmavāda.	
3	5. Nyāya–Vaiśeṣika: (a) pramāṇa: pratyakṣa (perception), anumāna (inference), upamāna (comparison) and śabda (testimony) and (b) saptapadārtha (Seven Categories)	NDM
5	8. Mīmāmsā:(a) arthāpatti and (b) anupalabdhi.	AD

MODULE-II

SL	INDIAN PHILOSOPHY	TEAC
N		HER
O		NAME
1	3. Jainism: (a) anekāntavāda and (b) syādvāda and nayavāda	SI
	4.Buddhism:(b) Four Noble Truths	
П	- () O () ()	311
3	6. Sāṁkhya: (a) satkāryavāda (Theory of Causality)	AD
5	8. Mīmāmsā:(a) arthāpatti and (b) anupalabdhi.	MB
M		
	9. Advaita Vedānta: Brahman, jīva and jagat.	-11

MODULE-III

SL	INDIAN PHILOSOPHY	TEAC
N		HER
O		NAME
1	4.Buddhism:(b) Four Noble Truths (b) pratītyasamutpāda (c) kṣaṇabhaṅgavāda	TH
	and (d) nairātmyavāda.	
	11.011	
3	7. Yoga: (a) cittavṛttinirodha and (b) aṣṭāṅgayoga.	NDM
5	9. Advaita Vedānta: Brahman, jīva and jagat.	SI

Course Code /Course Title SEC-3/Philosophical Analysis

Recommended Topics: 1. Meaning: (a) Word-meaning and Sentencemeaning,(b)Testability and Meaning

- 2. Concept and Truth
- 3. Knowledge: Nature and Source of Knowledge

MODULE-I

SL NO	Philosophical Analysis	TEACHER NAME
1	1. Meaning: (a) Word-meaning and Sentence-meaning, (b) Testability and Meaning	NDM
2	3. Knowledge: Nature and Source of Knowledge	MB

MODULE-II

SL NO	Philosophical Analysis	TEACHER NAME		
	* \3\	4]		
1	1. Meaning: (a) Word-meaning and Sentence-meaning, (b) Testability and	NDM		
١ ١	Meaning	//		
	2. Concept and Truth	//		
	ESTID 1986 JJ	//		
2	3. Knowledge: Nature and Source of Knowledge	MB		
		/		
MODULE-III				
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SL NO	Philosophical Analysis	TEACHER NAME
1	2. Concept and Truth	NDM
2	3. Knowledge: Nature and Source of Knowledge	MB

Note:-

Teacher Name	Short Name
Totan Hazra	TH
Nandadulal Mahato	NDM
Moumita Banerjee	MB
Arunava Das	AD
Suchitra Das	SD
Sofiqul Islam	SI
Subrata Mondal	SM

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Signature

IQAC Co-ordinator

Hiralal Bhakat College

Coordinator, IQAC Hiralal Bhakat College Nalhati Birbhum Totan Hazera

Signature

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Principal

Hiralal Bhakat College

Principal
Miraial Bhakat College
Nathati, Birbhum